

SOLVING w/ PYTHAGOREAN THEOREM

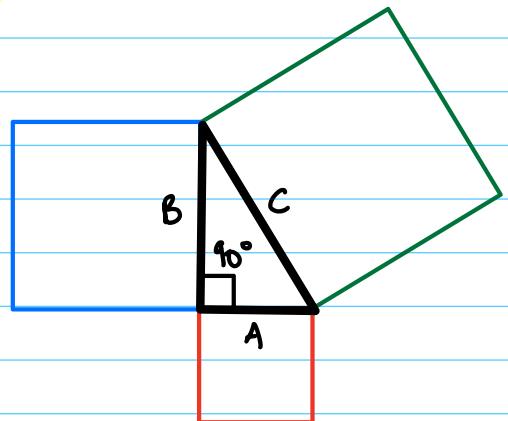
$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

SOLVE for A:

$$A^2 = C^2 - B^2$$

SOLVE for B:

$$B^2 = C^2 - A^2$$



PYTHAGOREAN TRIPLE → 3 WHOLE NUMBERS THAT SATISFY THE PYTHAGOREAN EQUATION ($A^2 + B^2 = C^2$) WHERE C IS THE LONGEST SIDE

$$\text{EX: } 3, 4, 5$$

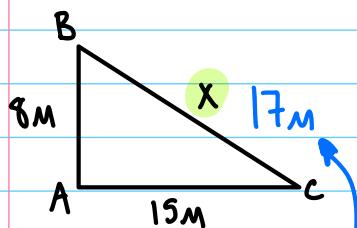
$$5, 12, 13$$

$$10, 24, 26$$

$$6, 8, 10$$

$$8, 15, 17$$

SOLVE FOR THE UNKNOWN SIDE TO THE NEAREST TENTH.



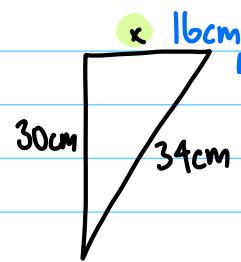
$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

$$15^2 + 8^2 = C^2$$

$$225 + 64 = C^2$$

$$\sqrt{289} = C$$

$$\boxed{17 = C}$$



$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

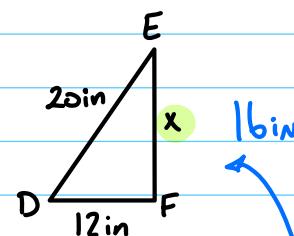
$$A^2 = 34^2 - 30^2$$

$$A^2 = 1156 - 900$$

$$A^2 = 256$$

$$A = \sqrt{256}$$

$$\boxed{A = 16}$$



$$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$$

$$B^2 = 20^2 - 12^2$$

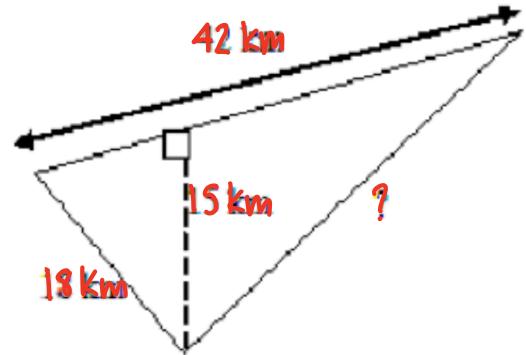
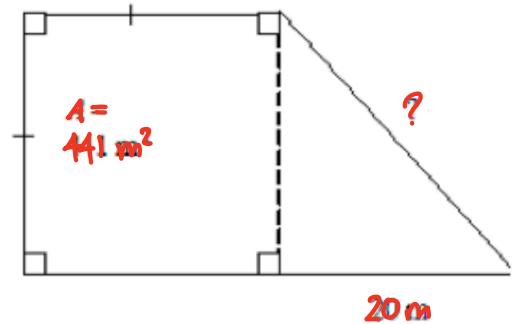
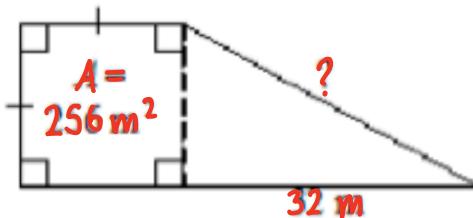
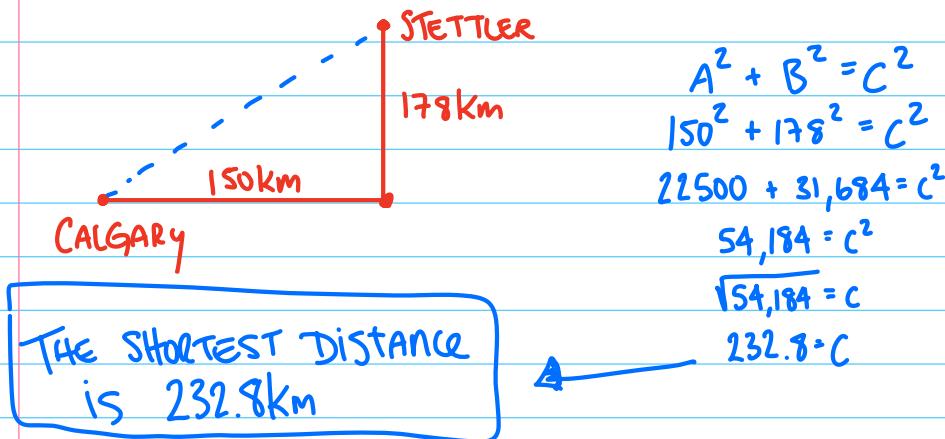
$$B^2 = 400 - 144$$

$$B^2 = 256$$

$$B = \sqrt{256}$$

$$\boxed{B = 16}$$

Mr. Polksky drove 150 km East from Calgary, Alberta. He drove another 178 km North to Stettler, Alberta. What would be the shortest possible distance between Mr. Polksky's home and Stettler, Alberta?



$A = 256 \text{ m}^2$

$x = ?$

$x = 35.8 \text{ m}$

$A = L \times W$

$A = L^2$

$256 = L^2$

$\sqrt{256} = L$

$16 = L$

$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$

$32^2 + 16^2 = C^2$

$1024 + 256 = C^2$

$1280 = C^2$

$\sqrt{1280} = C$

$35.8 = C$

$A = 441 \text{ m}^2$

$x = ?$

29 m

$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$

$20^2 + 441 = C^2$

$400 + 441 = C^2$

$841 = C^2$

$\sqrt{841} = C$

$29 = C$

20 m

12 m

16 m

24 m

$? \quad ?$

$A^2 = 20^2 - 12^2$

$A^2 = 400 - 144$

$A^2 = 256$

$A = 16$

$A^2 + B^2 = C^2$

$12^2 + 8^2 = C^2$

$144 + 64 = C^2$

$208 = C^2$

$\sqrt{208} = C$

$14.4 = C$